



Statutory Curriculum Requirements

Year 2

ENGLISH						
Spoken Word	Word Reading	Comprehension	Writing – transcription	Writing – Handwriting	Writing – Composition	Writing – Grammar, Vocabulary and Punctuation
<p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> listen and respond appropriately to adults and their peers ask relevant questions to extend their understanding and knowledge use relevant strategies to build their vocabulary articulate and justify answers, arguments and opinions 	<p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> continue to apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words until automatic decoding has become embedded and reading is fluent read accurately by blending the sounds in words that contain the graphemes taught so far, especially recognising alternative sounds for 	<p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read, vocabulary and understanding by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> listening to, discussing and expressing views about a wide range of contemporary and classic poetry, stories and non-fiction at a level beyond that at which they can read independently discussing the sequence of events in books and how items of information are related becoming increasingly familiar with and retelling a wider range of stories, fairy stories and traditional tales being introduced 	<p>Spelling (see English Appendix 1)</p> <p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> spell by: segmenting spoken words into phonemes and representing these by graphemes, spelling many correctly learning new ways of spelling phonemes for which one or more spellings are already known, and learn some words with each spelling, including a few common homophones learning to spell common exception words learning to spell more words with 	<p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> form lower-case letters of the correct size relative to one another start using some of the diagonal and horizontal strokes needed to join letters and understand which letters, when adjacent to one another, are best left unjoined write capital letters and digits of the correct size, orientation and 	<p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> develop positive attitudes towards and stamina for writing by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> writing narratives about personal experiences and those of others (real and fictional) writing about real events writing poetry writing for different purposes consider what they are going to write before beginning by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> planning or saying out loud what they are going to write about writing down ideas and/or key words, including new vocabulary encapsulating what they want to say, sentence by 	<p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> develop their understanding of the concepts set out in English Appendix 2 by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> learning how to use both familiar and new punctuation correctly (see English Appendix 2), including full stops, capital letters, exclamation marks, question marks, commas for lists and apostrophes for contracted forms and the possessive (singular) learn how to use: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> sentences with different forms: statement, question, exclamation, command expanded noun phrases to describe and specify [for example, the blue butterfly] the present and

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ give well-structured descriptions, explanations and narratives for different purposes, including for expressing feelings ▪ maintain attention and participate actively in collaborative conversations, staying on topic and initiating and responding to comments ▪ use spoken language to develop understanding 	<p>graphemes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ read accurately words of two or more syllables that contain the same graphemes as above ▪ read words containing common suffixes ▪ read further common exception words, noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word ▪ read most words quickly and accurately, without overt 	<p>to non-fiction books that are structured in different ways</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ recognising simple recurring literary language in stories and poetry ▪ discussing and clarifying the meanings of words, linking new meanings to known vocabulary ▪ discussing their favourite words and phrases ▪ continuing to build up a repertoire of poems learnt by heart, appreciating these and reciting some, with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear ▪ understand both the books that they can already read accurately and fluently and those that they listen to by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ drawing on what they already know or on background information and 	<p>contracted forms</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ learning the possessive apostrophe (singular) [for example, the girl's book] ▪ distinguishing between homophones and near-homophones ▪ add suffixes to spell longer words, including –ment, –ness, –ful, –less, –ly ▪ apply spelling rules and guidance, as listed in English Appendix 1 ▪ write from memory simple sentences dictated by the teacher that include words using the GPCs, common exception words and punctuation taught so far. 	<p>relationship to one another and to lower case letters</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ use spacing between words that reflects the size of the letters. 	<p>sentence</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ make simple additions, revisions and corrections to their own writing by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ evaluating their writing with the teacher and other pupils ▪ re-reading to check that their writing makes sense and that verbs to indicate time are used correctly and consistently, including verbs in the continuous form ▪ proof-reading to check for errors in spelling, grammar and punctuation [for example, ends of sentences punctuated correctly] ▪ read aloud what they have written with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear. 	<p>past tenses correctly and consistently including the progressive form</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ subordination (using when, if, that, or because) and co-ordination (using or, and, or but) ▪ the grammar for year 2 in English Appendix 2 ▪ some features of written Standard English ▪ use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 in discussing their writing.
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<p>ding through speculating, hypothesising, imagining and exploring ideas</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ speak audibly and fluently with an increasing command of Standard English ▪ participate in discussions, presentations, performances, role play, improvisations and debates ▪ gain, maintain and monitor the interest of 	<p>sounding and blending, when they have been frequently encountered</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ read aloud books closely matched to their improving phonic knowledge, sounding out unfamiliar words accurately, automatically and without undue hesitation ▪ re-read these books to build up their fluency and confidence in word reading. 	<p>vocabulary provided by the teacher</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ checking that the text makes sense to them as they read and correcting inaccurate reading ▪ making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done ▪ answering and asking questions ▪ predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ participate in discussion about books, poems and other works that are read to them and those that they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say ▪ explain and discuss their understanding of books, poems and other material, both those that they listen to and those that they read for themselves. 				
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<p>the listener(s)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> consider and evaluate different viewpoints, attending to and building on the contributions of others select and use appropriate registers for effective communication. 						
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Maths							
Number – Number and Place Value	Number – Addition and subtraction	Number – Multiplication and division	Number – fractions	Measurement	Geometry – Properties of shape	Geometry – Position and direction	Statistics
Pupils should be taught to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> count in steps of 2, 3, and 5 from 0, and in tens from any 	Pupils should be taught to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> solve problems with addition and subtraction: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> using concrete objects and 	Pupils should be taught to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2, 5 and 	Pupils should be taught to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> recognise, find, name and write fractions $\frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, 	Pupils should be taught to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and 	Pupils should be taught to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> identify and describe the properties of 2-D shapes, including the 	Pupils should be taught to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> order and arrange combinations of mathematical 	Pupils should be taught to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> interpret and construct simple

<p>number, forward and backward</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (tens, ones) identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations, including the number line compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100; use <, > and = signs read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals and in words use place value and number facts to solve problems. 	<p>pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> applying their increasing knowledge of mental and written methods recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently, and derive and use related facts up to 100 add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a two-digit number and ones a two-digit number and tens two two-digit numbers adding three one-digit numbers show that addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and 	<p>10 multiplication tables, including recognising odd and even numbers</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication (x), division (÷) and equals (=) signs show that multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and division of one number by another cannot solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts. 	<p>$\frac{2}{4}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> write simple fractions for example, $\frac{1}{2}$ of $6 = 3$ and recognise the equivalence of $\frac{2}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$. 	<p>measure length/height in any direction (m/cm); mass (kg/g); temperature (°C); capacity (litres/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using >, < and = recognise and use symbols for pounds (£) and pence (p); combine amounts to make a particular value find different combinations of coins that equal the same amounts of money solve simple problems in a practical context 	<p>number of sides and line symmetry in a vertical line</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> identify and describe the properties of 3-D shapes, including the number of edges, vertices and faces identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3-D shapes [for example, a circle on a cylinder and a triangle on a pyramid] compare and sort common 2-D and 3-D shapes and everyday objects. 	<p>objects in patterns and sequences</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement, including movement in a straight line and distinguishing between rotation as a turn and in terms of right angles for quarter, half and three-quarter turns (clockwise and anti-clockwise). 	<p>pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data.
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	<p>subtraction of one number from another cannot</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems. 			<p>involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> compare and sequence intervals of time tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past/to the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day. 			
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